



September 1983
Revised February 1999

MM74HC164

8-Bit Serial-in/Parallel-out Shift Register

General Description

The MM74HC164 utilizes advanced silicon-gate CMOS technology. It has the high noise immunity and low consumption of standard CMOS integrated circuits. It also offers speeds comparable to low power Schottky devices.

This 8-Bit shift register has gated serial inputs and CLEAR. Each register bit is a D-type master/slave flip-flop. Inputs A & B permit complete control over the incoming data. A LOW at either or both inputs inhibits entry of new data and resets the first flip-flop to the low level at the next clock pulse. A high level on one input enables the other input which will then determine the state of the first flip-flop. Data at the serial inputs may be changed while the clock is HIGH or LOW, but only information meeting the setup and hold time requirements will be entered. Data is serially shifted in and out of the 8-Bit register during the positive going transi-

tion of the clock pulse. Clear is independent of the clock and accomplished by a low level at the CLEAR input.

The 74HC logic family is functionally as well as pin-out compatible with the standard 74LS logic family. All inputs are protected from damage due to static discharge by internal diode clamps to V_{CC} and ground.

Features

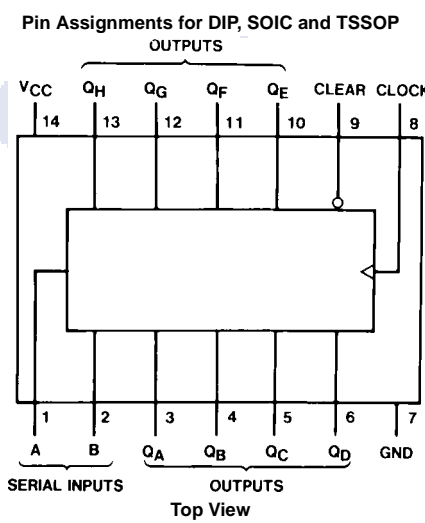
- Typical operating frequency: 50 MHz
- Typical propagation delay: 19 ns (clock to Q)
- Wide operating supply voltage range: 2–6V
- Low input current: 1 μ A maximum
- Low quiescent supply current: 80 μ A maximum (74HC Series)
- Fanout of 10 LS-TTL loads

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74HC164M	M14A	14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-120, 0.150" Narrow
MM74HC164MTC	MTC14	14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
MM74HC164N	N14A	14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Connection Diagram



Truth Table

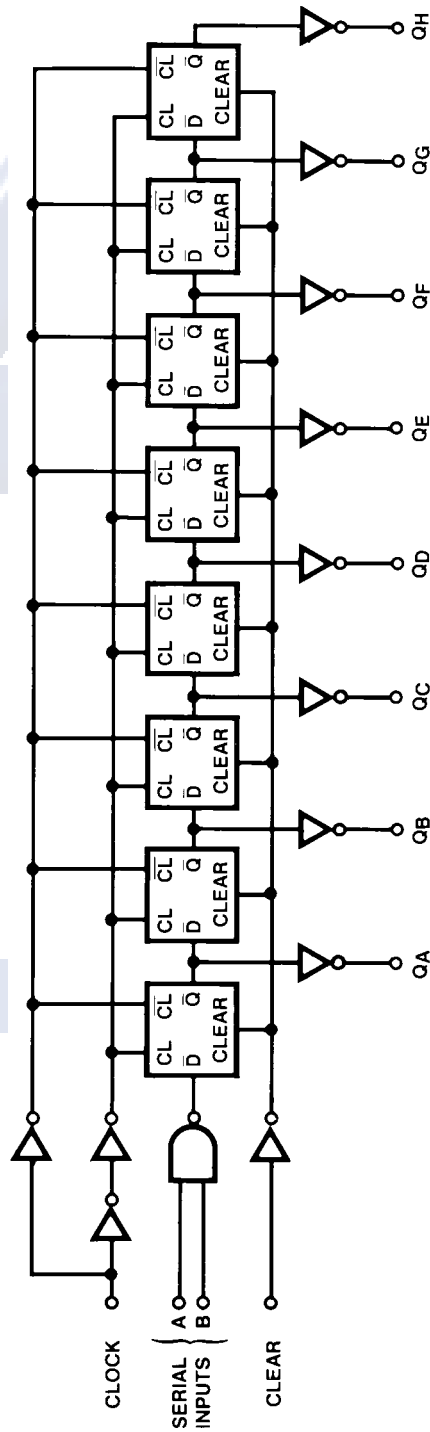
Inputs				Outputs			
Clear	Clock	A	B	Q _A	Q _B	...	Q _H
L	X	X	X	L	L		L
H	L	X	X	Q _{AO}	Q _{BO}		Q _{HO}
H	↑	H	H	H	Q _{An}		Q _{Gn}
H	↑	L	X	L	Q _{An}		Q _{Gn}
H	↑	X	L	L	Q _{An}		Q _{Gn}

H = HIGH Level (steady state), L = LOW Level (steady state)
X = Irrelevant (any input, including transitions)
↑ = Transition from LOW-to-HIGH level.
Q_{AO}, Q_{BO}, Q_{HO} = the level of Q_A, Q_B, or Q_H, respectively, before the indicated steady state input conditions were established.
Q_{An}, Q_{Gn} = The level of Q_A or Q_G before the most recent ↑ transition of the clock; indicated a one-bit shift.

MM74HC164 8-Bit Serial-in/Parallel-out Shift Register

MM74HC164

Logic Diagram



MM74HC164

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)				Recommended Operating Conditions			
(Note 2)							
Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	-0.5 to +7.0V			Min	Max	Units	
DC Input Voltage (V_{IN})	-1.5 to $V_{CC} + 1.5V$			2	6	V	
DC Output Voltage (V_{OUT})	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5V$						
Clamp Diode Current (I_{IK}, I_{OK})	± 20 mA			0	V_{CC}	V	
DC Output Current, per pin (I_{OUT})	± 25 mA			Operating Temperature Range (T_A)	-40	+85	$^{\circ}C$
DC V_{CC} or GND Current, per pin (I_{CC})	± 50 mA			Input Rise or Fall Times			
Storage Temperature Range (T_{STG})	-65 $^{\circ}C$ to +150 $^{\circ}C$			(t_r, t_f) $V_{CC} = 2.0V$		1000	ns
Power Dissipation (P_D)				$V_{CC} = 4.5V$		500	ns
(Note 3)	600 mW			$V_{CC} = 6.0V$		400	ns
S.O. Package only	500 mW			Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.			
Lead Temperature (T_L)				Note 2: Unless otherwise specified all voltages are referenced to ground.			
(Soldering 10 seconds)	260 $^{\circ}C$			Note 3: Power Dissipation temperature derating — plastic "N" package: — 12 mW/ $^{\circ}C$ from 65 $^{\circ}C$ to 85 $^{\circ}C$.			

DC Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)								
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC}	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		$T_A = -40$ to $85^{\circ}C$	$T_A = -55$ to $125^{\circ}C$	Units
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits			
V_{IH}	Minimum HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.0V		1.5	1.5	1.5	V
			4.5V		3.15	3.15	3.15	V
			6.0V		4.2	4.2	4.2	V
V_{IL}	Maximum LOW Level Input Voltage		2.0V		0.5	0.5	0.5	V
			4.5V		1.35	1.35	1.35	V
			6.0V		1.8	1.8	1.8	V
V_{OH}	Minimum HIGH Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 20 \mu A$	2.0V	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	V
			4.5V	4.5	4.4	4.4	4.4	V
			6.0V	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.9	V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 4.0$ mA $ I_{OUT} \leq 5.2$ mA	4.5V	4.2	3.98	3.84	3.7	V
			6.0V	5.7	5.48	5.34	5.2	V
V_{OL}	Maximum LOW Level Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 20 \mu A$	2.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
			4.5V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
			6.0V	0	0.1	0.1	0.1	V
		$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} $ I_{OUT} \leq 4.0$ mA $ I_{OUT} \leq 5.2$ mA	4.5V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4	V
			6.0V	0.2	0.26	0.33	0.4	V
I_{IN}	Maximum Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	6.0V		± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μA
I_{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND $I_{OUT} = 0 \mu A$	6.0V		8.0	80	160	μA

Note 4: For a power supply of 5V $\pm 10\%$ the worst case output voltages (V_{OH} , and V_{OL}) occur for HC at 4.5V. Thus the 4.5V values should be used when designing with this supply. Worst case V_{IH} and V_{IL} occur at $V_{CC} = 5.5V$ and 4.5V respectively. (The V_{IH} value at 5.5V is 3.85V.) The worst case leakage current (I_{IN} , I_{CC} , and I_{OZ}) occur for CMOS at the higher voltage and so the 6.0V values should be used.

MM74HC164

AC Electrical Characteristics $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$, $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$, $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ ns}$

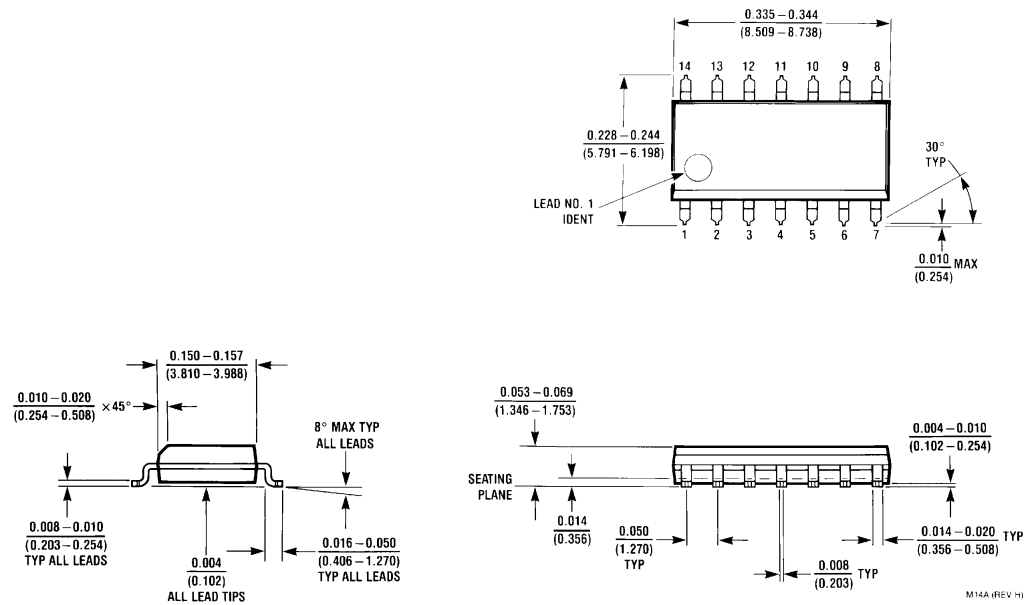
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ	Guaranteed Limit	Units
f_{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency			30	MHz
t_{PHL} , t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Clock to Output		19	30	ns
t_{PHL} , t_{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Clear to Output		23	35	ns
t_{REM}	Minimum Removal Time, Clear to Clock		-2	0	ns
t_S	Minimum Setup Time Data to Clock		12	20	ns
t_H	Minimum Hold Time Clock to Data		1	5	ns
t_W	Minimum Pulse Width Clear or Clock		10	16	ns

AC Electrical Characteristics $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ ns}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V _{CC}	T _A = 25°C		T _A = -40 to 85°C		T _A = -55 to 125°C		Units
				Typ	Guaranteed Limits					
f _{MAX}	Maximum Operating Frequency		2.0V		5	4	3		MHz	
			4.5V		27	21	18		MHz	
			6.0V		31	24	20		MHz	
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Clock to Output		2.0V	115	175	218	254		ns	
			4.5V	13	35	44	51		ns	
			6.0V	20	30	38	44		ns	
t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	Maximum Propagation Delay, Clear to Output		2.0V	140	205	256	297		ns	
			4.5V	28	41	51	59		ns	
			6.0V	24	35	44	51		ns	
t _{REM}	Minimum Removal Time Clear to Clock		2.0V	-7	0	0	0		ns	
			4.5V	-3	0	0	0		ns	
			6.0V	-2	0	0	0		ns	
t _S	Minimum Setup Time Data to Clock		2.0V	25	100	125	150		ns	
			4.5V	14	20	25	30		ns	
			6.0V	12	17	21	25		ns	
t _H	Minimum Hold Time Clock to Data		2.0V	-2	5	5	5		ns	
			4.5V	0	5	5	5		ns	
			6.0V	1	5	5	5		ns	
t _W	Minimum Pulse Width Clear or Clock		2.0V	22	80	100	120		ns	
			4.5V	11	16	20	24		ns	
			6.0V	10	14	18	20		ns	
t _{THL} , t _{TLH}	Maximum Output Rise and Fall Time		2.0V		75	95	110		ns	
			4.5V		15	19	22		ns	
			6.0V		13	16	19		ns	
t _r , t _f	Maximum Input Rise and Fall Time		2.0V		1000	1000	1000		ns	
			4.5V		500	500	500		ns	
			6.0V		400	400	400		ns	
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Note 5)	(per package)	5.0V	150					pF	
C _{IN}	Maximum Input Capacitance			5	10	10	10		pF	

Note 5: C_{PD} determines the no load dynamic power consumption, $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$, and the no load dynamic current consumption, $I_S = C_{PD} V_{CC} f + I_{CC}$.

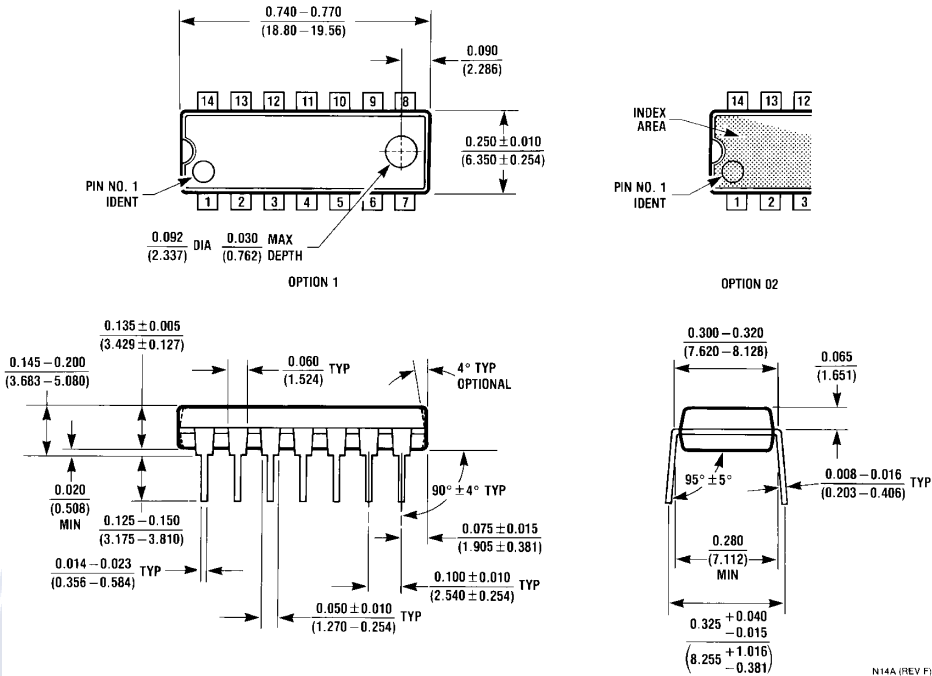
MM74HC164

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

**14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-120, 0.150" Narrow
Package Number M14A**

Electrónica S.A. de C.V.

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
Package Number N14A

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.fairchildsemi.com

Fairchild does not assume any responsibility for use of any circuitry described, no circuit patent licenses are implied and Fairchild reserves the right at any time without notice to change said circuitry and specifications.