

# Diode

Silicon Carbide Schottky Diode

# IDH16G120C5

5<sup>th</sup> Generation CoolSiC™ 1200 V SiC Schottky Diode

# **Final Datasheet**

Rev. 2.1 2017-07-21

# Industrial Power Control



# CoolSiC<sup>TM</sup> SiC Schottky Diode

#### Features:

- Revolutionary semiconductor material Silicon Carbide
- No reverse recovery current / No forward recovery
- Temperature independent switching behavior
- Low forward voltage even at high operating temperature
- Tight forward voltage distribution
- Excellent thermal performance
- Extended surge current capability
- Specified dv/dt ruggedness
- Qualified according to JEDEC<sup>1)</sup> for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant

#### **Benefits**

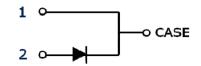
- System efficiency improvement over Si diodes
- Enabling higher frequency / increased power density solutions
- System size / cost savings due to reduced heatsink requirements and smaller magnetics
- Reduced EMI
- Highest efficiency across the entire load range
- Robust diode operation during surge events
- High reliability
- RelatedLinks: www.infineon.com/sic

### **Applications**

- Solar inverters
- Uninterruptable power supplies
- Motor drives
- Power Factor Correction

#### Package pin definitions

- Pin 1 and backside cathode
- Pin 2 anode













#### **Key Performance and Package Parameters**

Туре	$V_{DC}$	<b>I</b> F	<b>Q</b> <sub>C</sub>	$T_{j,max}$	Marking	Package
IDH16G120C5	1200V	16A	57nC	175°C	D1612C5	PG-TO220-2-1

1) J-STD20 and JESD22





## 5<sup>th</sup> Generation CoolSiC™ 1200 V SiC Schottky Diode

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### **Maximum ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	$V_{RRM}$	1200	V	
Continues forward current for $R_{th(j-c,max)}$ $T_C = 145^{\circ}C$ , D=1 $T_C = 135^{\circ}C$ , D=1 $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ , D=1	I <sub>F</sub>	16 19 40	А	
Surge non-repetitive forward current, sine halfwave $T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $t_p=10\text{ms}$ $T_C=150^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $t_p=10\text{ms}$	I <sub>F,SM</sub>	140 120	А	
Non-repetitive peak forward current $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $t_p=10  \mu\text{s}$	<i>I</i> <sub>F,max</sub> 850		А	
i²t value $T_{\rm C} = 25 {\rm ^{\circ}C}, \ t_{\rm p} = 10 {\rm ms}$ $T_{\rm C} = 150 {\rm ^{\circ}C}, \ t_{\rm p} = 10 {\rm ms}$	∫ i²dt	99 71	A²s	
Diode $dv/dt$ ruggedness $V_R=0960V$	d√dt	80	V/ns	
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	P <sub>tot</sub>	250	W	
Operating and storage temperature	$T_{\rm j}$ ; $T_{\rm stg}$	-55175	°C	
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads, 1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	$T_{sold}$	260	°C	
Mounting torque M3 and M4 screws	М	0.7	Nm	

#### **Thermal Resistances**

Parameter	Cumb al	Conditions		Value		
rarameter	Syllibol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Characteristic						
Diode thermal resistance, junction – case	R <sub>th(j-c)</sub>		-	0.46	0.60	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction – ambient	R <sub>th(j-a)</sub>	leaded	-	-	62	K/W



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

## Static Characteristics, at $T_j$ =25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions min.		Value	Unit	
raiailletei			min.	typ.	max.	Oilit
Static Characteristic						
DC blocking voltage	$V_{ m DC}$	$T_{\rm j} = 25^{\circ}{\rm C}$	1200	-	-	V
Diode forward voltage	1/	<i>I</i> <sub>F</sub> = 16A, <i>T</i> <sub>j</sub> =25°C	-	1.65	1.95	V
	$V_{F}$	$I_{\rm F}$ = 16A, $T_{\rm j}$ =150°C	-	2.25	2.85	
Reverse current	,	V <sub>R</sub> =1200V, T <sub>j</sub> =25°C		5.5	80	μА
Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	$V_{R}$ =1200V, $T_{j}$ =150°C		28	410	

### Dynamic Characteristics, at T<sub>j</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
r ai ailietei	Syllibol		min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristics	Dynamic Characteristics					
Total capacitive charge		V <sub>R</sub> =800V, T <sub>j</sub> =150°C				
	$Q_{C}$	$Q_C = \int_C^{V_R} C(V) dV$	-	57	-	nC
		0				
		V <sub>R</sub> =1 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz	-	730	-	
Total Capacitance	С	V <sub>R</sub> =400 V, <i>f</i> =1 MHz	-	52	-	pF
		V <sub>R</sub> =800 V, f=1 MHz	-	40	-	



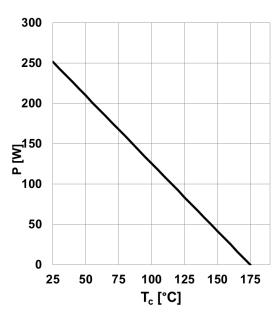


Figure 1. Power dissipation as a function of case temperature,  $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_{\text{C}}, R_{\text{th(j-c),max}})$ 

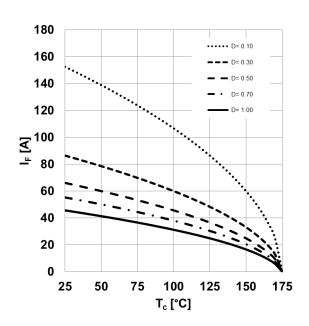


Figure 2. Diode forward current as function of temperature,  $T_j \le 175$  °C,  $R_{\text{th(j-c),max}}$ , parameter D=duty cycle,  $V_{\text{th}}$ ,  $R_{\text{diff}}$  @  $T_j = 175$  °C

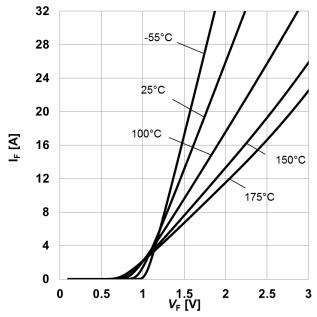


Figure 3. **Typical forward characteristics,**  $I_F = f(V_F)$ ,  $t_D = 10 \mu s$ , parameter:  $T_i$ 

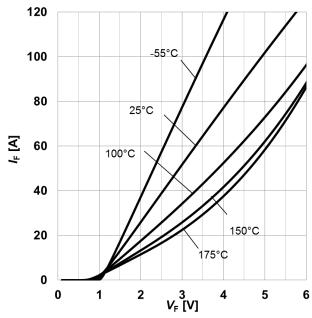


Figure 4. Typical forward characteristics in surge current,  $I_F$ =f( $V_F$ ),  $t_p$ = 10  $\mu$ s, parameter:  $T_j$ 



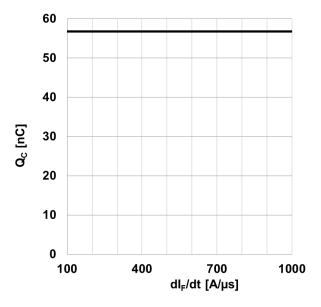


Figure 5. **Typical capacitive charge as function** of current slope<sup>1</sup>,  $Q_C=f(dI_F/dt)$ ,  $T_j=150^{\circ}C$  1) Only capacitive charge, guaranteed by design.

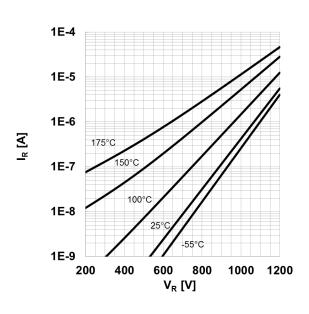


Figure 6. Typical reverse current as function of reverse voltage,  $I_R = f(V_R)$ , parameter:  $T_i$ 

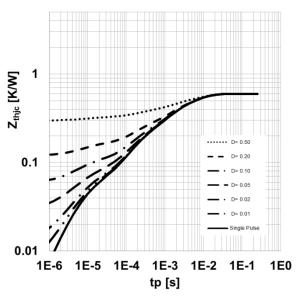


Figure 7. **Max.** transient thermal impedance,  $Z_{\text{th,jc}} = f(t_P)$ , parameter:  $D = t_P/T$ 

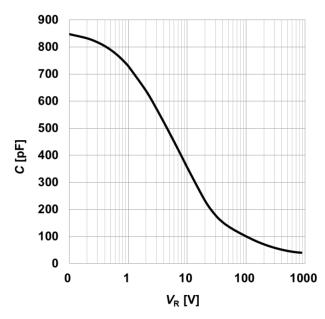


Figure 8. Typical capacitance as function of reverse voltage,  $C=f(V_R)$ ;  $T_i=25$ °C; f=1 MHz



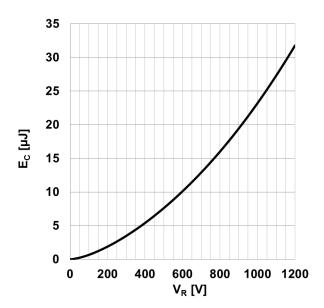
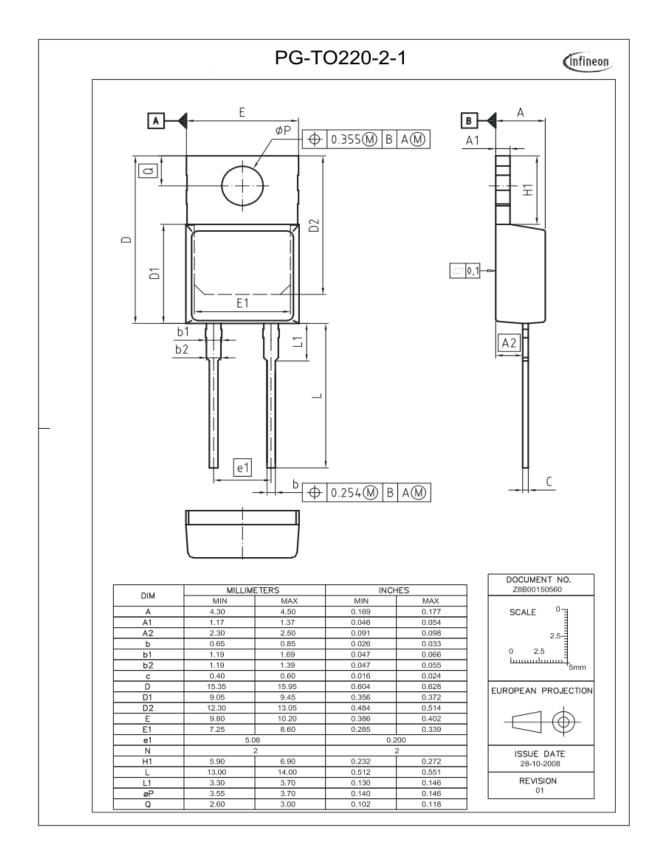


Figure 9. **Typical capacitively stored energy as** function of reverse voltage,

$$E_C = \int_0^{V_R} C(V)VdV$$







## **Revision History**

IDH16G120C5

Revision: 2017-07-21, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision:					
Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last version)			
2.0	2015-09-03	Final data sheet			
2.1	-	Editorial Changes			

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