

SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3 SPA03N60C3

Final data

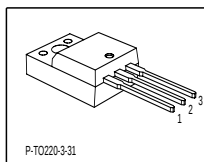
Cool MOS™ Power Transistor

Feature

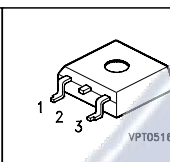
- New revolutionary high voltage technology
- Ultra low gate charge
- Periodic avalanche rated
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Improved transconductance
- P-TO-220-3-31: Fully isolated package (2500 VAC; 1 minute)

$V_{DS} @ T_{jmax}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on)}$	1.4	Ω
I_D	3.2	A

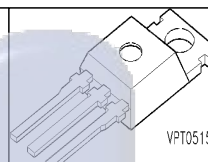
P-TO220-3-31



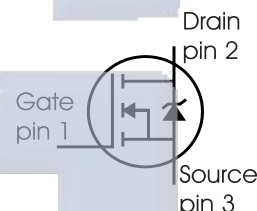
P-TO263-3-2



P-TO220-3-1



Type	Package	Ordering Code	Marking
SPP03N60C3	P-TO220-3-1	Q67040-S4401	03N60C3
SPB03N60C3	P-TO263-3-2	Q67040-S4391	03N60C3
SPA03N60C3	P-TO220-3-31	-	03N60C3



Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit
		SPP_B	SPA	
Continuous drain current $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_D	3.2 2	3.2 ¹⁾ 2 ¹⁾	A
Pulsed drain current, t_p limited by T_{jmax}	$I_D \text{ puls}$	9.6	9.6	A
Avalanche energy, single pulse $I_D=2.4\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AS}	100	100	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax} ²⁾ $I_D=3.2\text{A}$, $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$	E_{AR}	0.2	0.2	
Avalanche current, repetitive t_{AR} limited by T_{jmax}	I_{AR}	3.2	3.2	A
Gate source voltage static	V_{GS}	± 20	± 20	V
Gate source voltage AC ($f > 1\text{Hz}$)	V_{GS}	± 30	± 30	
Power dissipation, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	38	29.7	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55...+150		$^\circ\text{C}$

**SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3
SPA03N60C3**
Final data
Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain Source voltage slope $V_{DS} = 480\text{ V}$, $I_D = 3.2\text{ A}$, $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$	dv/dt	50	V/ns

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	3.3	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - case, FullPAK	$R_{thJC\text{ FP}}$	-	-	4.1	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, leaded	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, FullPAK	$R_{thJA\text{ FP}}$	-	-	80	
SMD version, device on PCB:	R_{thJA}				
@ min. footprint		-	-	62	
@ 6 cm ² cooling area ³⁾		-	35	-	
Soldering temperature, 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s ⁴⁾	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=0.25mA$	600	-	-	V
Drain-Source avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=3.2A$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$I_D=135\mu A$, $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$	2.1	3	3.9	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.5	1	μA
		$T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	-	70	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=30V$, $V_{DS}=0V$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10V$, $I_D=2A$				Ω
		$T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1.26	1.4	
		$T_j=150\text{ °C}$	-	3.8	-	
Gate input resistance	R_G	$f=1MHz$, open drain	-	10	-	

**SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3
SPA03N60C3**
Final data
Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{DS} \geq 2 \cdot I_D \cdot R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D = 2A$	-	3.4	-	S
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 25V$, $f = 1MHz$	-	400	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	150	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	5	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁵⁾ energy related	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V$, $V_{DS} = 0V$ to 480V	-	12	-	
Effective output capacitance, ⁶⁾ time related	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	26	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 350V$, $V_{GS} = 0/10V$, $I_D = 3.2A$, $R_G = 20\Omega$	-	7	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	3	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	64	100	
Fall time	t_f		-	12	20	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD} = 420V$, $I_D = 3.2A$	-	2	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	6	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD} = 420V$, $I_D = 3.2A$, $V_{GS} = 0$ to 10V	-	13	17	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{(plateau)}$	$V_{DD} = 420V$, $I_D = 3.2A$	-	5.5	-	V

¹Limited only by maximum temperature

²Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV} = E_{AR} \cdot f$.

³Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical without blown air.

⁴Soldering temperature for TO-263: 220°C, reflow

⁵ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁶ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

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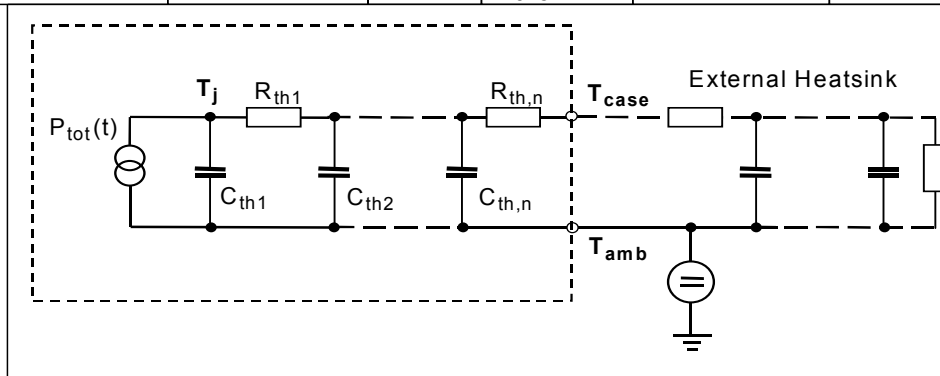
Final data

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Inverse diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	3.2	A
Inverse diode direct current, pulsed	I_{SM}		-	-	9.6	
Inverse diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=420\text{V}$, $I_F=I_S$	-	250	400	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$di_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	1.8	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	15	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

Typical Transient Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Value		Unit	Symbol	Value		Unit
	SPP_B	SPA			SPP_B	SPA	
R_{th1}	0.054	0.054	K/W	C_{th1}	0.00005232	0.00005232	Ws/K
R_{th2}	0.103	0.103		C_{th2}	0.0002034	0.0002034	
R_{th3}	0.178	0.178		C_{th3}	0.0002963	0.0002963	
R_{th4}	0.757	0.356		C_{th4}	0.0009103	0.0009103	
R_{th5}	0.682	0.655		C_{th5}	0.002084	0.004434	
R_{th6}	0.202	2.535		C_{th6}	0.024	0.412	

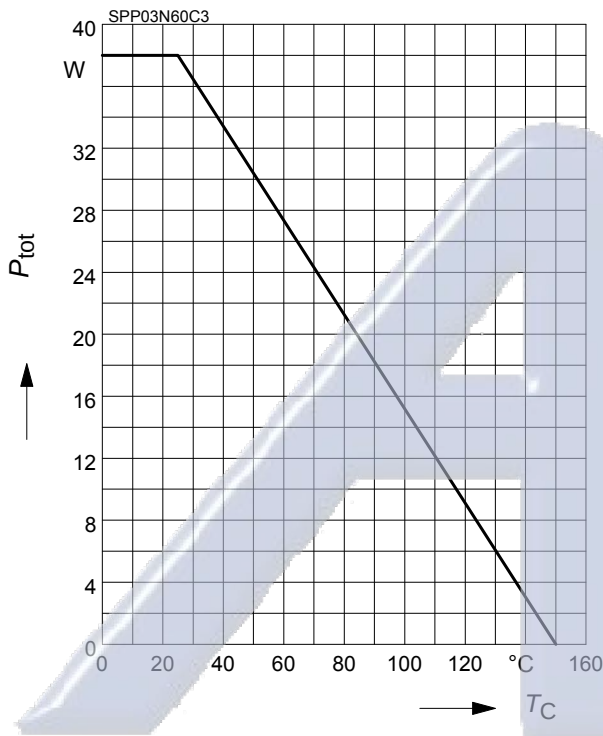


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Final data

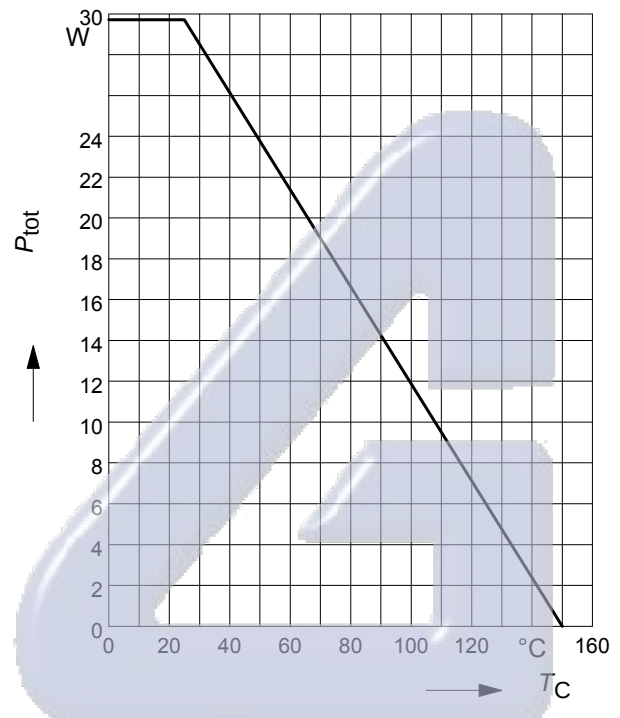
1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Power dissipation FullPAK

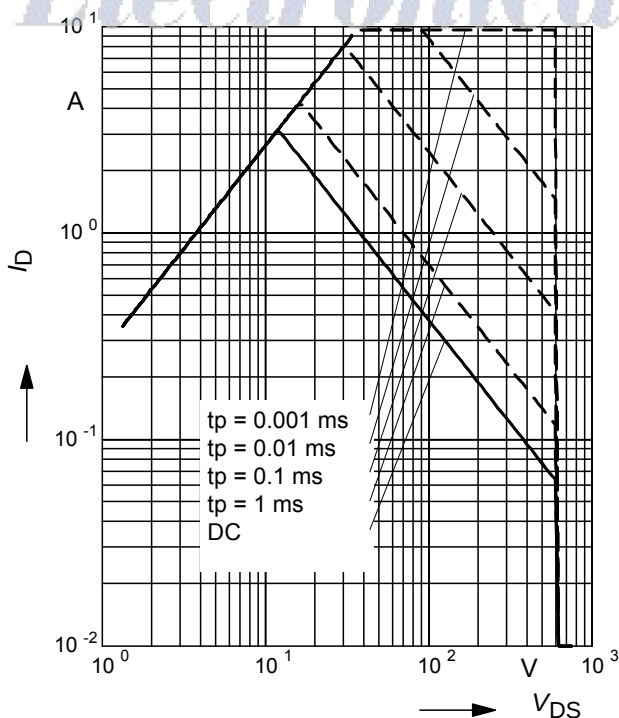
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

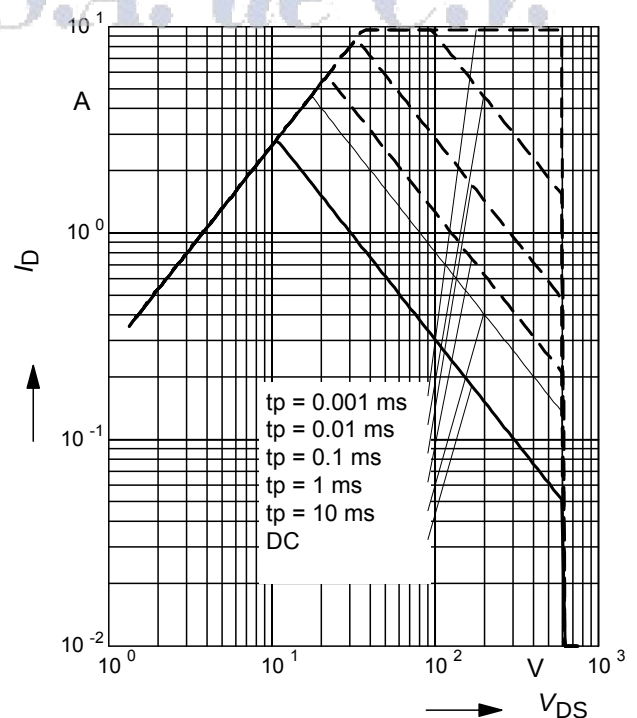
parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



4 Safe operating area FullPAK

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $D = 0$, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$

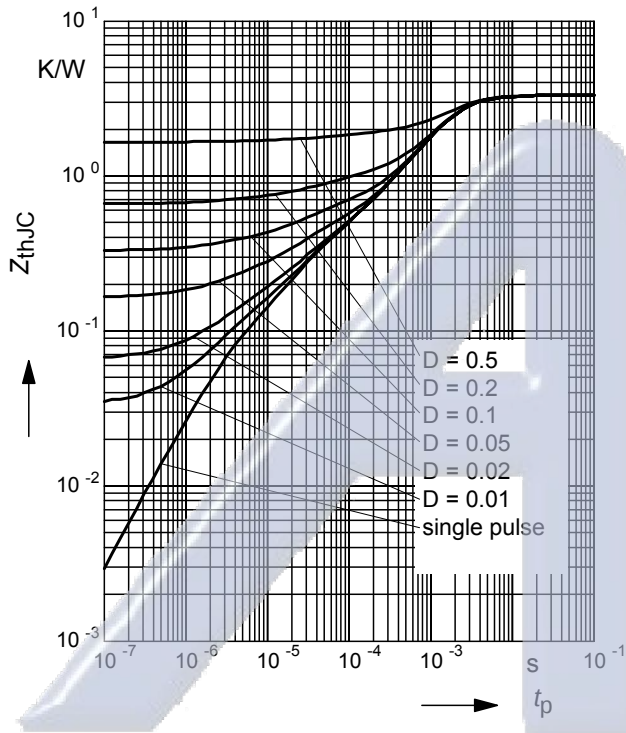


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Final data

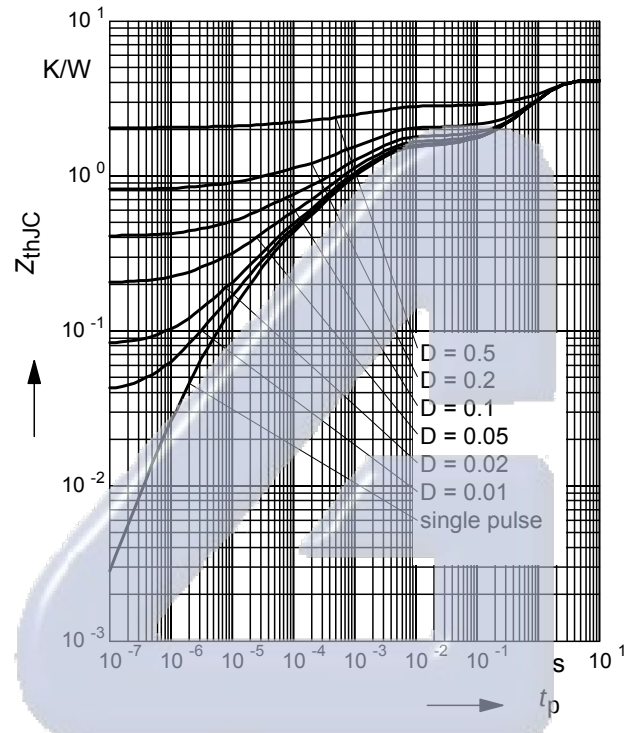
5 Transient thermal impedance

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

parameter: $D = t_p/T$ 

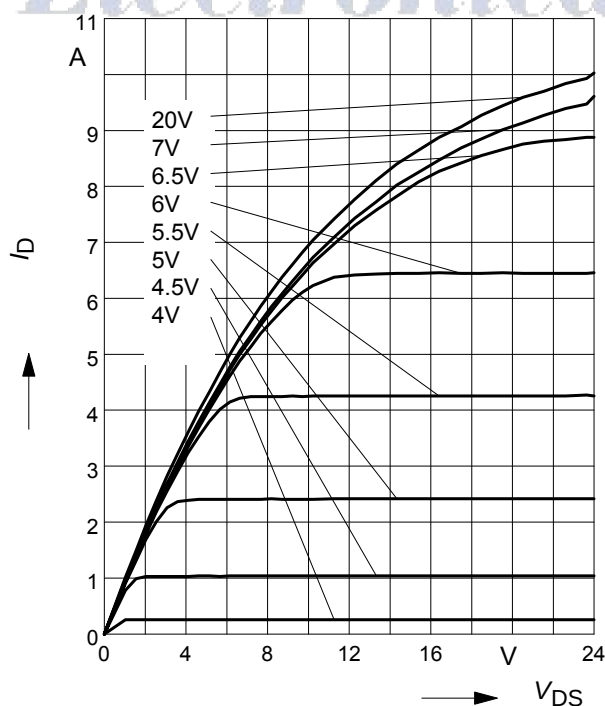
6 Transient thermal impedance FullPAK

$$Z_{thJC} = f(t_p)$$

parameter: $D = t_p/t$ 

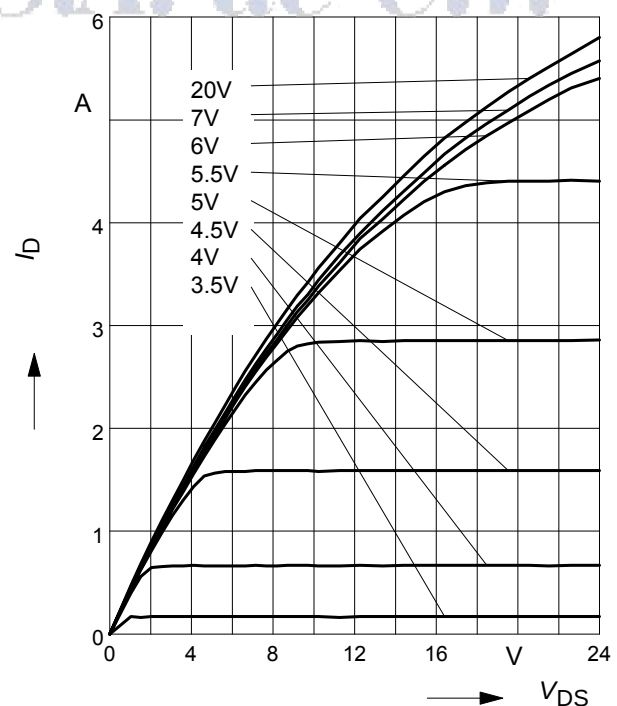
7 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$ 

8 Typ. output characteristic

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$$

parameter: $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}, V_{GS}$ 

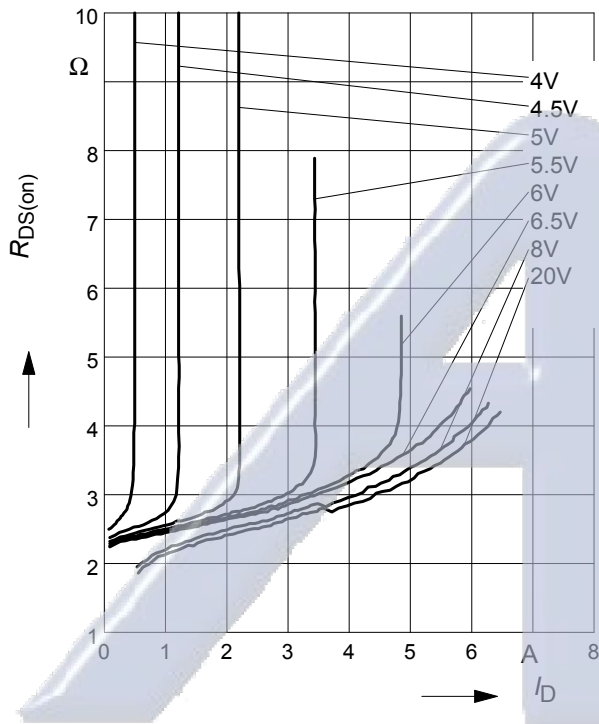
SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3 SPA03N60C3

Final data

9 Typ. drain-source on resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$$

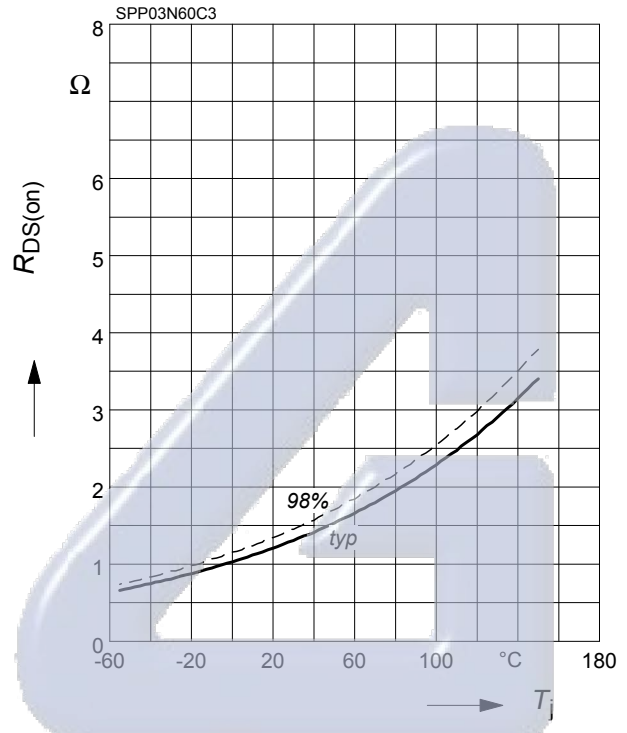
parameter: $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$, V_{GS}



10 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j)$$

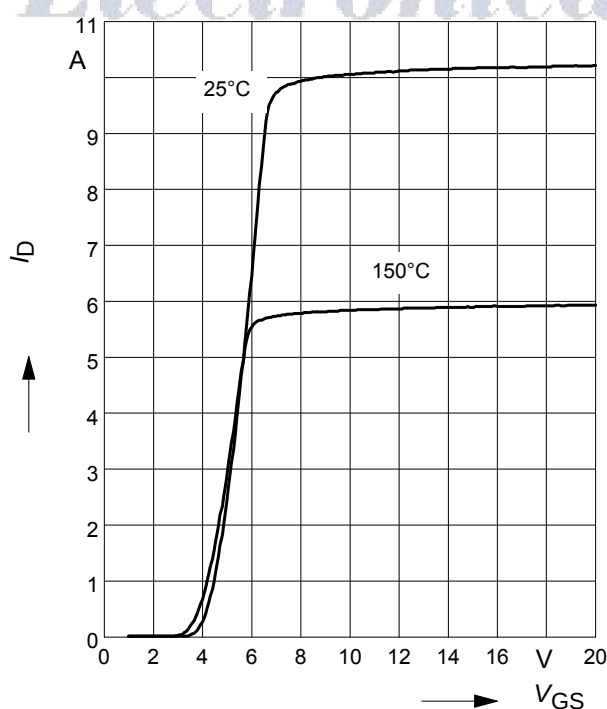
parameter: $I_D = 2\text{ A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



11 Typ. transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{GS}); V_{DS} \geq 2 \times I_D \times R_{DS(on)max}$$

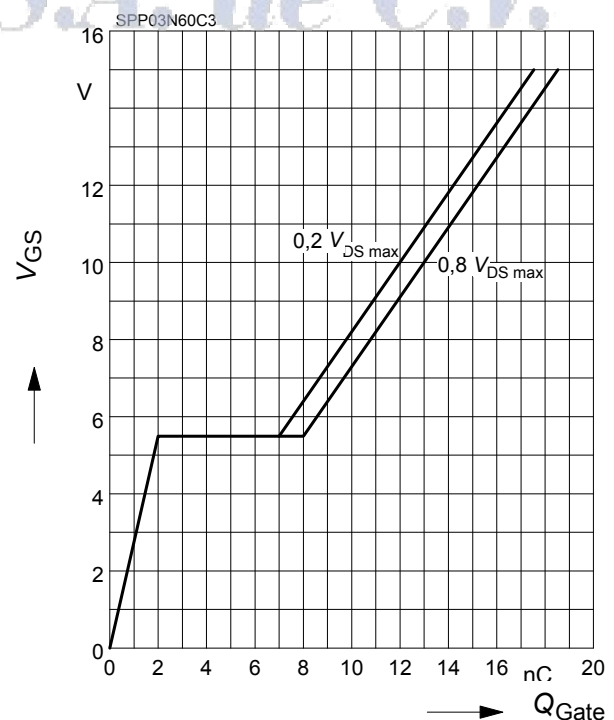
parameter: $t_p = 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$



12 Typ. gate charge

$$V_{GS} = f(Q_{Gate})$$

parameter: $I_D = 3.2\text{ A}$ pulsed



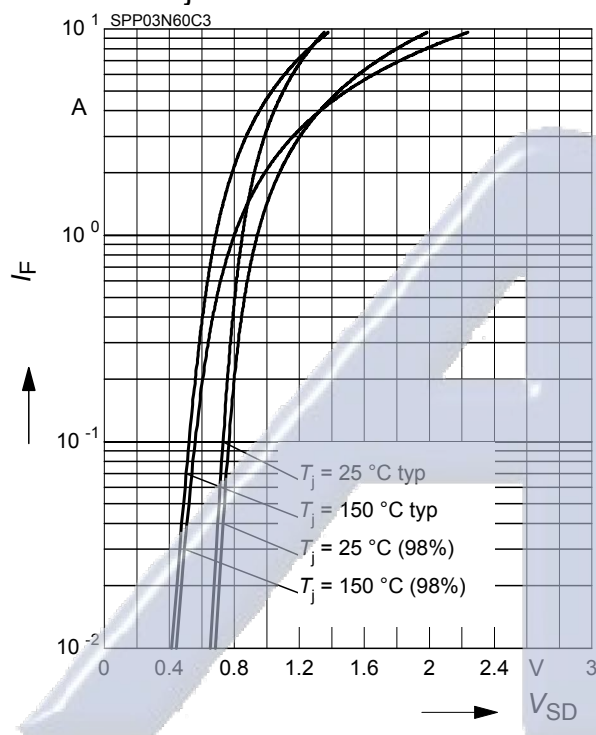
SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3 SPA03N60C3

Final data

13 Forward characteristics of body diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

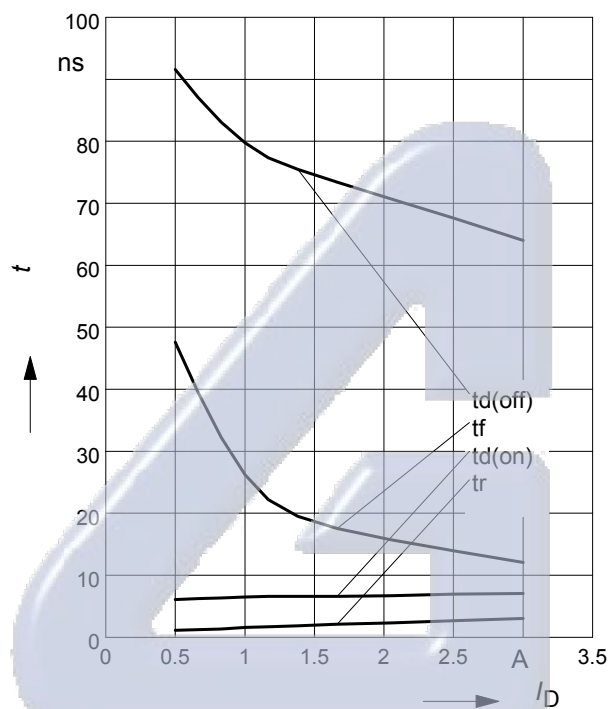
parameter: T_j , $t_p = 10 \mu s$



14 Typ. switching time

$$t = f(I_D), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

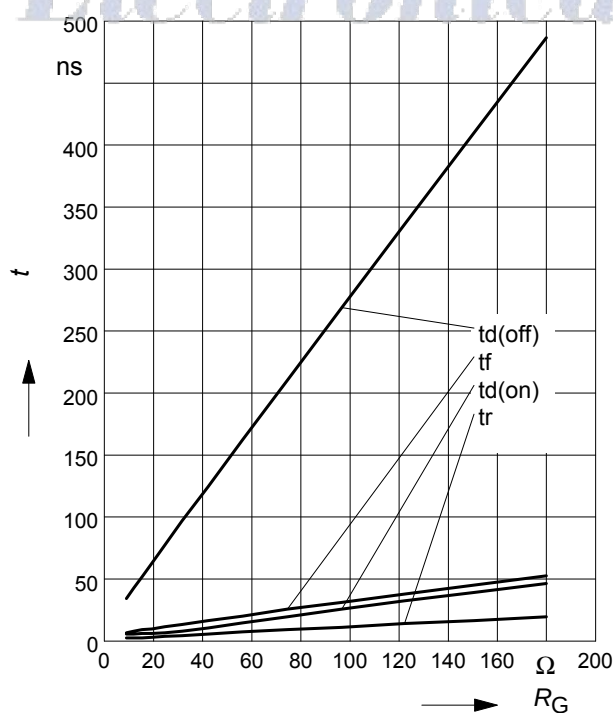
par.: $V_{DS} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$, $R_G = 20\Omega$



15 Typ. switching time

$$t = f(R_G), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

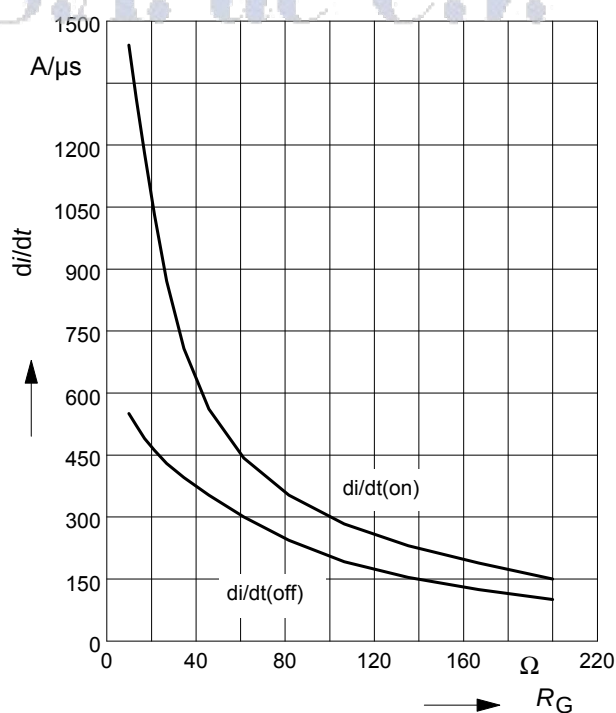
par.: $V_{DS} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$, $I_D = 3.2 A$



16 Typ. drain current slope

$$di/dt = f(R_G), \text{ inductive load, } T_j = 125^\circ C$$

par.: $V_{DS} = 380V$, $V_{GS} = 0/+13V$, $I_D = 3.2A$



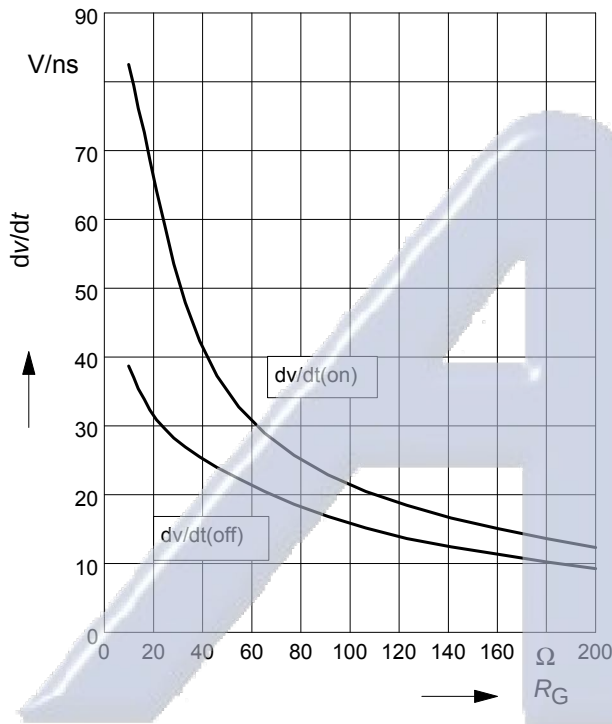
SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3 SPA03N60C3

Final data

17 Typ. drain source voltage slope

$dv/dt = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$

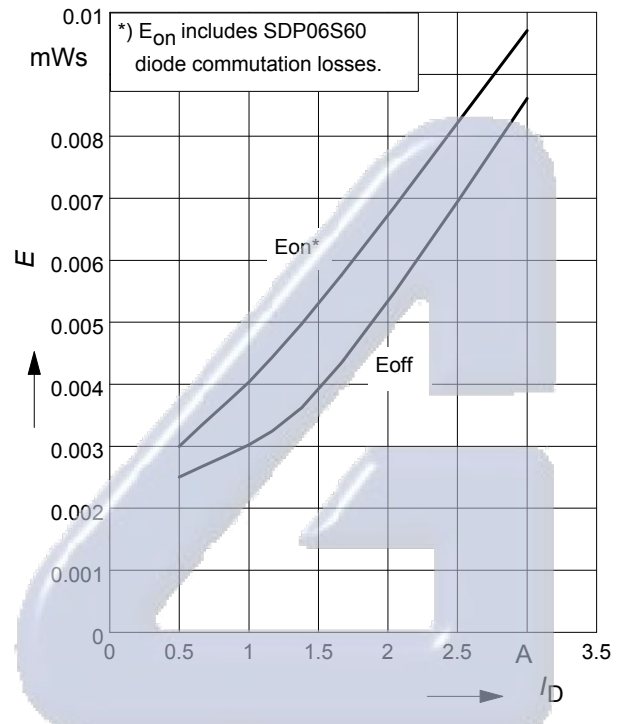
par.: $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D=3.2\text{A}$



18 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(I_D)$, inductive load, $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$

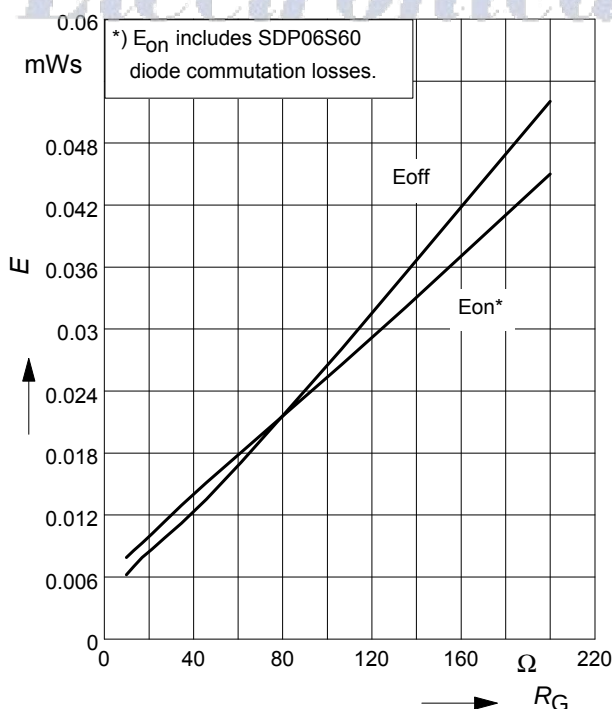
par.: $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$, $R_G=20\Omega$



19 Typ. switching losses

$E = f(R_G)$, inductive load, $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$

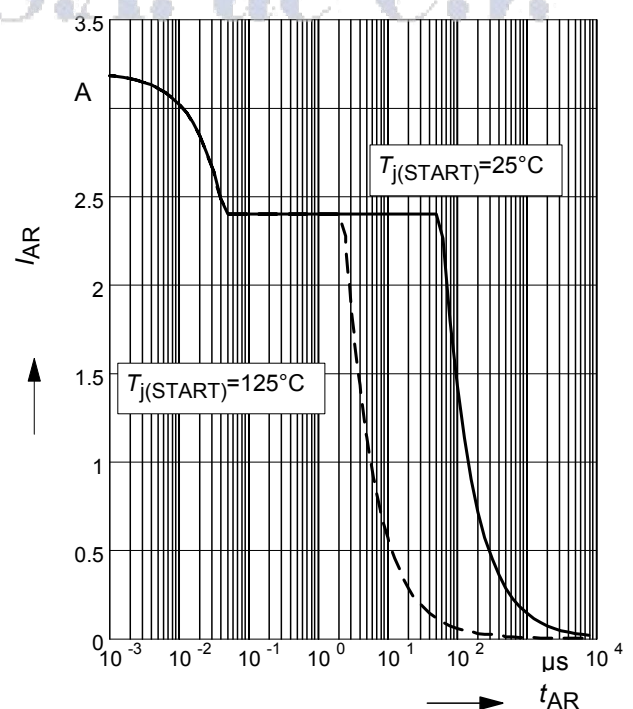
par.: $V_{DS}=380\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=0/+13\text{V}$, $I_D=3.2\text{A}$



20 Avalanche SOA

$I_{AR} = f(t_{AR})$

par.: $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$



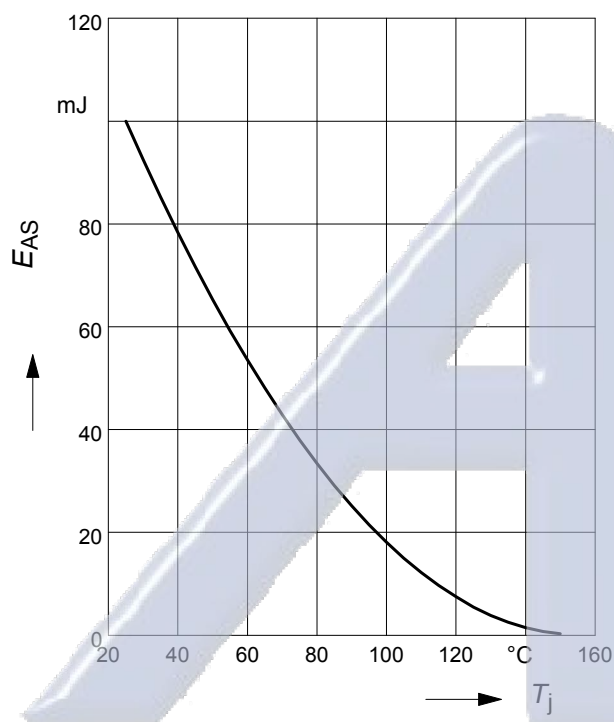
SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3 SPA03N60C3

Final data

21 Avalanche energy

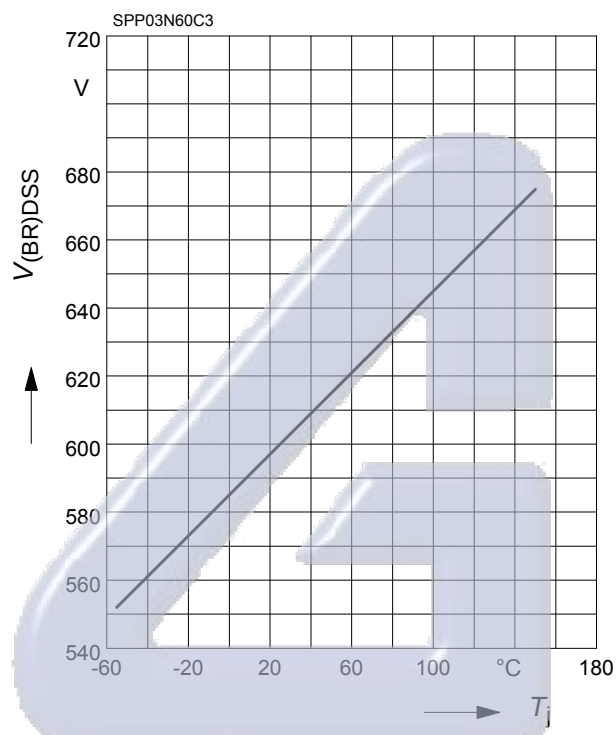
$$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$$

par.: $I_D = 2.4 \text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$



22 Drain-source breakdown voltage

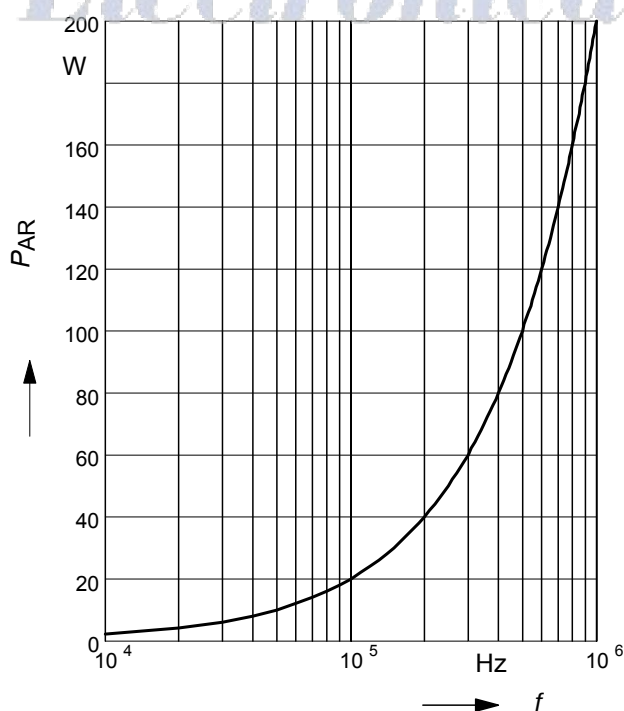
$$V_{(BR)DSS} = f(T_j)$$



23 Avalanche power losses

$$P_{AR} = f(f)$$

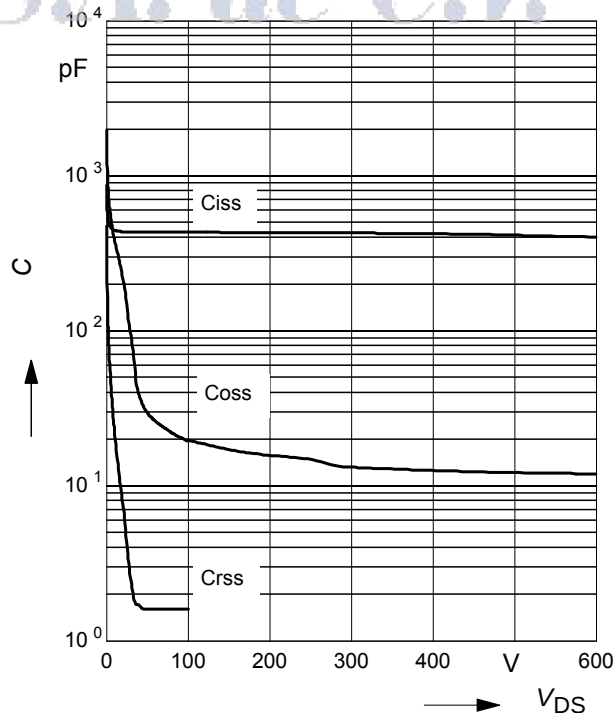
parameter: $E_{AR} = 0.2 \text{ mJ}$



24 Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS})$$

parameter: $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

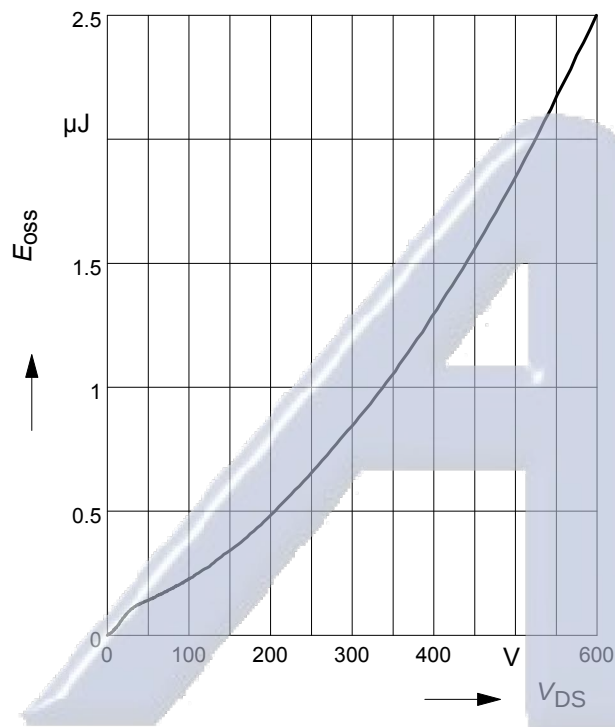


**SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3
SPA03N60C3**

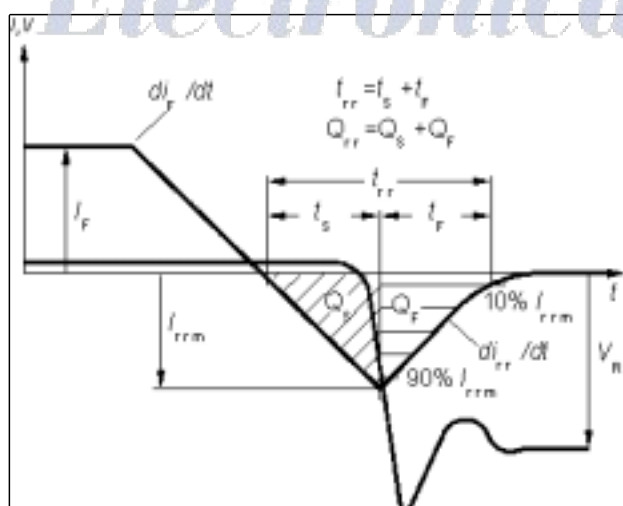
Final data

25 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

$$E_{oss}=f(V_{DS})$$



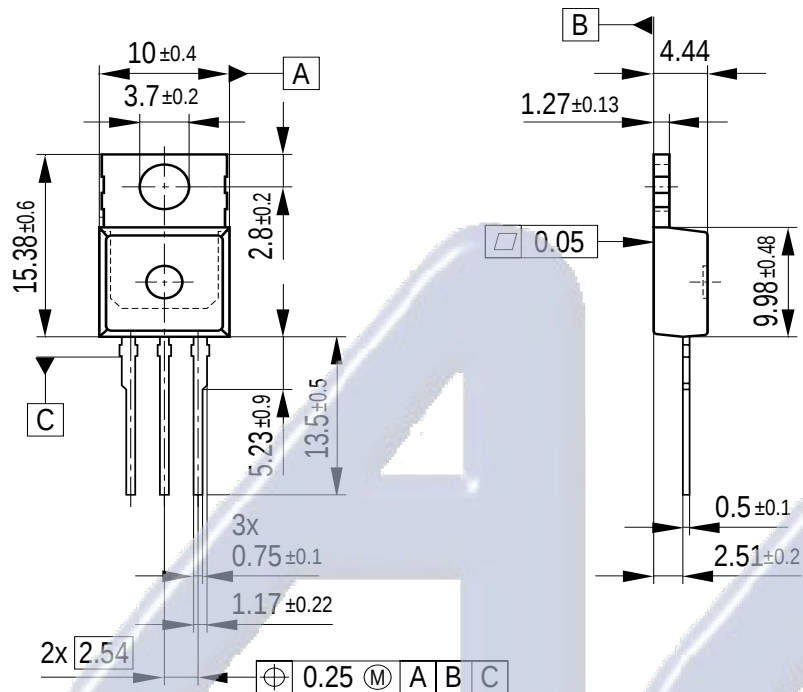
Definition of diodes switching characteristics



**SPP03N60C3, SPB03N60C3
SPA03N60C3**

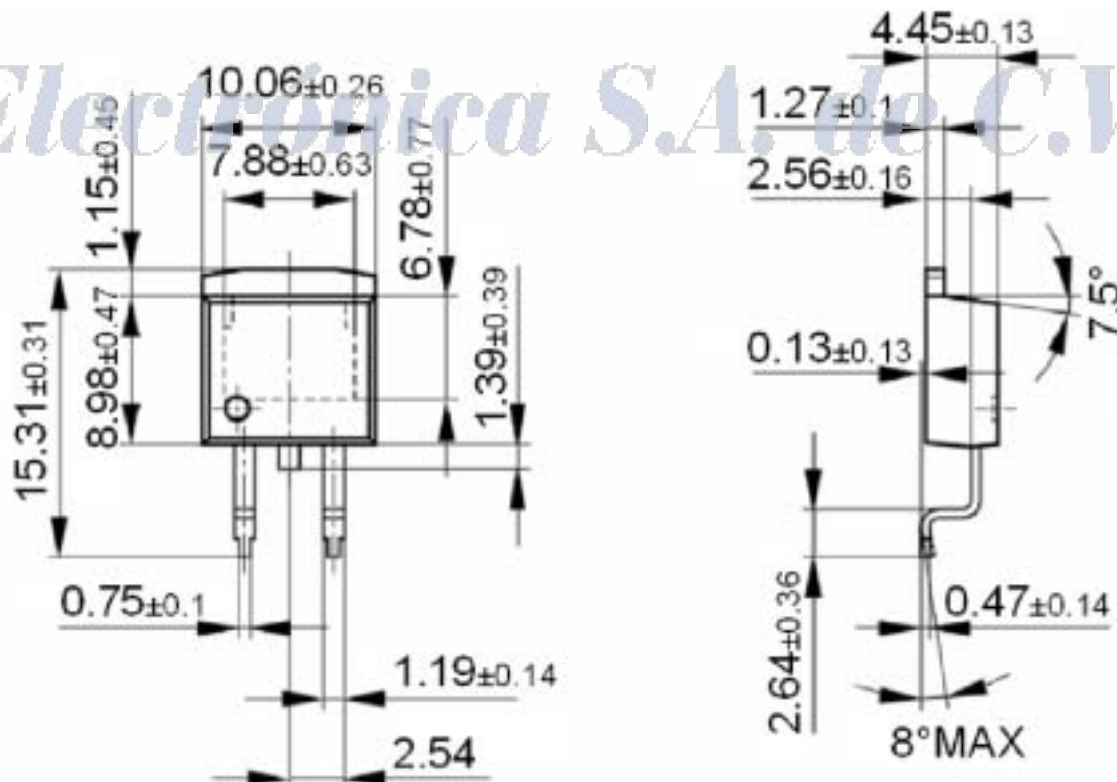
Final data

P-TO-220-3-1



All metal surfaces tin plated, except area of cut.
Metal surface min. x=7.25, y=12.3

P-TO-263-3-2 (D²PAK)



Final data

Electrónica S.A. de C.V.